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1 extracting the ketone solvent;
2 adding ether solvent and an inorganic acid to mix well in the solution;
3 placing the solution to separate the solution into an upper ether layer
4 and a lower aqueous layer with deposited solid molecular sieves;
5 removing the ether solvent;
6 adding an alcohol solvent to enforce crystallization of bicyclic
7 thiazolidine hydantoin in the form of a white solid, wherein the alcohol
8 contains 1 to 4 carbons;
9 extracting the alcohol solvent; and
10 drying the crystallization to obtain a final bicyclic thiazolidine
11 hydantoin.

12 4. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the organic alcohol
13 solvent is an organic alcohol-water solvent in a ratio of water: organic
14 alcohol=1:1.

15 5. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the ketone solvent
16 contains ketone having 2-5 carbons.

17 6. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the organic alkali is
18 sodium acetate.

19 7. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the organic alkali is
20 potassium acetate.

21 8. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the solid molecular
22 sieves are in the form of particles having 3Å -5Å bore diameters.

23 9. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the ether solvent is
24 diethyl ether.

1 10. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the reaction
2 temperature range is within 25 to 50°C.

3 11. The method as claimed in claim 2, the method comprising the
4 following operational acts of:

5 mixing L-(+)-Cysteine, an aldehyde, an organic alkali, an organic
6 alcohol solvent to carry out a first cycloaddition to compose a solution and to
7 generate white intermediate, wherein the organic alcohol contains 1 to 5
8 carbons;

9 extracting the alcohol solvent;

10 adding the solid molecular sieves, benzylisocyanate and a ketone
11 solvent to mix well in the solution to carry out a second cycloaddition;

12 extracting the ketone solvent;

13 adding ester solvent and an inorganic acid to mix well in the solution;

14 placing the solution to separate the solution into an upper ester layer

15 and a lower aqueous with deposited solid molecular sieves;

16 removing the ester solvent;

17 adding an alcohol solvent to enforce crystallization of bicyclic
18 thiazolidine hydantoin in the form of a white solid, wherein the alcohol
19 contains 1 to 4 carbons;

20 extracting the alcohol solvent; and

21 drying the crystallization to obtain a final bicyclic thiazolidine
22 hydantoin.

23 12. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the organic
24 alcohol solvent is an organic alcohol-water solvent in a ratio of water:

1 organic alcohol=1:1.

2 13. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the ketone solvent
3 contains ketone having 2-5 carbons.

4 14. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the organic alkali
5 is sodium acetate.

6 15. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the organic alkali
7 is potassium acetate.

8 16. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the solid
9 molecular sieves are in the form of particles having 3Å -5Å bore diameters.

10 17. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the ester solvent
11 is made of ester selected from the group consisting of methyl formate, ethyl
12 formate, methyl acetate, ethyl acetate, and propyl acetate.

13 18. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein reaction
14 temperature range is within 25 to 50°C.